		B26369 Sample Provider MD	Specimen Collected Received	09/23/2024 09/24/2024	Patient Gender - DOB MRN	Sample, Susan Female - 01/01/2001 MRN12345
			Test Order Created Reported	09/24/2024 09/27/2024		

AVISE Vasculitis AAV

AVISE Vasculitis RESULT:	p-ANCA Positive 1:320		Anti-MPO Positive	
ANCA by IFA Titer:	1:320	Positive	IFA:<1:20-Negative I ≥20 Positive	
Pattern: Perinuclear (p-ANCA)				

Positive ANCAs are useful in the diagnosis of small vessel vasculitis - granulomatosis with polyangiitis, microscopic polyangiitis and eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis. However, they can also be seen in connective tissue disease, IBD, some infections, malignancy, and as a reaction to drugs. Therefore, they should be interpreted with care in light of the clinical findings and workup.

Vasculitis-Associated Analytes:	Value	Interpretation	Reference Range
Anti-MPO IgG	199.8 CU	Positive	CIA: <20-Negative I ≥20-Positive
Anti-PR3 IgG	<2.3 CU	Negative	CIA: <20-Negative I ≥20-Positive
Anti-GBM IgG	3.6 CU	Negative	CIA: <20-Negative I ≥20-Positive

Test Method Description:

Results were obtained by anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibodies (ANCA) indirect immunofluorescence assay (IFA) for the semi-quantitative determination of ANCA antibodies. Results were obtained by Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CIA) for the semi-quantitative detection of Proteinase 3 (PR3) antibodies, Myeloperoxidase (MPO) antibodies and Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM) antibodies.

References:

Wallace Z, et al. BMJ. 2020 Mar; 368:m421. doi: 10.1136/bmj.m421
McAdoo S, et al. Kidney Int. 2017 Sep;92(3):693-702. doi: 10.1016/j.kint.2017.03.014.
Bossuyt X, et al. Nature Reviews. 2017 Sept; 13:683-692. doi:10.1038/nrrheum.2017.140.
McAdoo S, et al. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol. 2017 Jul;12(7):1162-1172. doi: 10.2215/CJN.01380217.
Weiner M, et al. Autoimm Rev. 2016 Oct;15(10):978-82. doi: 10.1016/j.autrev.2016.07.016.
Mahler M, et al. Clin Chim Acta. 2012 Apr;413(7-8):719-26. doi: 10.1016/j.cca.2012.01.004.
Mahler M, et al. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2012 Jan;27(1):243-52. doi: 10.1093/ndt/gfr203.
Jennette J, et al. Curr Opin Nephrol Hypertens. 2011 May;20(3):263-270. doi: 10.1097/MNH.0b013e3283456731.
Savige J, et al. Am J Clin Pathol. 1999 Apr;111(4):507-13. doi: 10.1093/ajcp/111.4.507.

Exagen®

1261 Liberty Way, Vista CA 92081 CLIA# 05D1075048 CAP# 7201051 | NYSDOH PFI# 8369

Laboratory Director: Prashanti Reddy, M.D. Provider Relations: 888.452.1522 Exagen, AVISE and the Exagen and AVISE logos are registered trademarks of Exagen Inc. ©2024 All Rights Reserved

AVISE® tests are used for clinical purposes and are not to be regarded as investigational or for research. Results are not intended to be used as the sole means for clinical diagnosis and patient management decisions. This laboratory is certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA-88) as qualified to perform high complexity clinical laboratory testing.